



COMMANDO₂ XP[®]

DRY ICE BLASTING MACHINE FOR PRECISION CLEANING



OPERATION MANUAL

Nu-Ice Age, Inc. • Jackson, MI USA
Customer Service: 517-990-0665 • www.nuiceage.com

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS. READ BEFORE OPERATION.

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

Thank you for choosing Nu-Ice Age® Dry Ice Blasting equipment. This guide is designed to assist the user whose primary responsibility is to maintain and operate the Nu-Ice Age® Commando® XP Dry Ice Blasting Machine. This manual provides specific information on assembly, operation, safety, and maintenance procedures. **Please read, understand and follow all procedures stated in this manual.**

1.1 WARRANTY

Nu-Ice Age shall warrant the **Commando® XP Dry Ice Blasting Machine** to be free of defects in material and / or workmanship for One (1) Year from the date of shipment to the buyer. The warranty shall cover 100% of all parts and labor with the exception of misuse, abuse, or neglect. The warranty also does not cover the following items which are deemed to be consumables.

- Blast Hose Assembly including Control Cable
- Air Lock Feed Wheel

Nu-Ice Age will at it's option repair, replace or issue credit for the value of any defective **Commando® XP**. Failure to follow proper operation and maintenance procedures described in the Owners Manual may limit or void this warranty.

Buyer accepts all responsibility for compliance with any / all Local, State and Federal Laws or Regulations including Regulations of Foreign Governments.

No equipment shall be returned to Nu-Ice Age without a Return Authorization Number from our customer service department. Upon evaluation and determination of warranty, replacements or repairs will be sent to the buyer. If a replacement is needed immediately, a Purchase Order is required to cover the cost of the product until the warranty is determined.

The warranty is limited to replacing any goods that are proved to be defective and Nu-Ice Age in no event shall have any liability for paying incidental or consequential damages including and without limitation, damages resulting in personal or bodily injury or death, or damages to, or loss of use of any property. Notwithstanding any of these terms and conditions, the warranty set forth shall apply in connection with any sales of goods, services or design by Nu-Ice Age and are in lieu of all warranties, express or implied, including warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose.

Manufacture Date

Serial #

1.2 IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS



WARNING – When operating this machine, basic precautions should always be followed, including the following:

1. Read all the instructions before using this machine.
2. To reduce the risk of injury, do not operate this machine near children.
3. Always wear the proper eye, ear and skin protection specified in this manual when operating the machine.
4. Know how to stop the machine and bleed pressures quickly. Be thoroughly familiar with the controls.
5. Stay alert – watch what you are doing.
6. Do not operate this machine when fatigued or under the influence of alcohol or drugs.
7. Keep operating area clear of all unauthorized personnel.
8. Do not overreach or stand on unstable support. Keep good footing and balance at all times.
9. Follow the maintenance instructions specified in this manual.
10. This machine must be connected to a grounded power supply.

GROUNDING INSTRUCTIONS

This machine must be connected to a grounded power supply while in operation. The process of dry ice blasting can generate static electricity and result in electric shock.



DANGER – Connection to an ungrounded power supply can result in increased risk of static electric shock. Check with a qualified electrician or service technician if you are in doubt as to whether the unit is properly grounded. If the machine cannot be fully grounded for a particular application, consult a qualified electrician to minimize the risk of severe static electric shock. Always wear insulated gloves to reduce the risk of static electric shock while blasting.



WARNING – Risk of injection or injury. Do not discharge blasting stream at persons.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS

1.3 DRY ICE SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Dry Ice (Solid CO₂) Safety Data

- At a temperature of -110°F (-79°C), insulated gloves should be worn at all times when handling dry ice to prevent frostbite.
- Proper eye, ear and skin protection should be worn at all times when operating or in the vicinity of dry ice blasting equipment.
- Even though CO₂ gas is non-poisonous, it does displace oxygen in the atmosphere so working spaces should be properly ventilated. Because CO₂ is 40% heavier than air, when blasting in an enclosed area, placement of exhaust vents at or near ground level is recommended. In an open environment, existing ventilation is sufficient to prevent undue CO₂ buildup. It is recommended that a breathing apparatus is used in enclosed work areas where CO₂ gas may accumulate to hazardous levels.
- Store dry ice only in containers approved and labeled for dry ice storage. Storing dry ice in a container without proper ventilation may result in an explosion hazard due to the pressure that builds up when dry ice sublimates into gas form.
- Ensure your dry ice supplier provides a current MSDS sheet for any additional safety information

First Aid Measures

Contact with Skin: Immediately flush effected area with warm water. Do not attempt to pop any blisters that may appear as a result of frostbite. Seek medical assistance as soon as possible.

Contact with Eyes: Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. In case of frostbite, spray with lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Apply a sterile dressing. Seek medical assistance as soon as possible.

Excess Inhalation: In high concentrations (5000 ppm or higher), CO₂ can cause asphyxiation by displacing the oxygen required for breathing. Symptoms may include loss of mobility or consciousness. The victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. In case of asphyxiation, immediately move victim to an uncontaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. Keep victim warm and rested. Seek medical assistance as soon as possible.

Refer to the MSDS sheet provided by your dry ice supplier for additional first aid information.

Safety Training

Asphyxiation and other potential safety hazards must be stressed during operator training. Always review safety procedures with operators before allowing them to operate any dry ice blasting equipment. Before using this product in any new process, a material compatibility and safety study should be performed.

Always ensure that all Local, State and Federal Laws and Regulations are observed, including Regulations of Foreign Governments.



1.3 DRY ICE SAFETY PRECAUTIONS *(continued)*

Additional safety information can be found at the following websites:

<http://www.osha-slc.gov/>

<http://www.ansi.org>

<http://www.nfpa.org>

1.4 MOVING AND DRY ICE STORAGE INFORMATION

When transporting the machine, always secure with straps or other appropriate method to avoid the risk of damaging equipment.

Do not transport dry ice in any vehicle where the storage area is not separate from the driver's compartment (such as a car or station wagon). Driver must be aware of the potential hazards of CO₂ and know what to do in the event of an accident or emergency. Ensure dry ice containers are secured and that adequate ventilation is provided before transporting.

Unused dry ice may still remain in the ice blaster after blast cleaning work. As a safety precaution, purge the remaining dry ice from the machine until the hopper is empty. This also prevents ice clumps from building up in the machine.

Only properly labeled equipment that is approved for use with dry ice should be used to store dry ice pellets. Always keep containers in a well-ventilated area.

1.5 SAFETY DURING OPERATION

Prior to blasting, carry out a risk assessment in order to have the proper safety precautions in place. Ensure that those operating the equipment have been properly trained and understand the risks associated with dry ice. Always secure the area that is to be blasted with dry ice — **no unauthorized or untrained personnel should be allowed to operate the machine or enter the working area.**

Confirm the nature of the coating or substance that is to be cleaned before beginning the blasting process. If hazardous materials are present, appropriate safety precautions must be taken to avoid exposure, such as local exhaust ventilation or personal protective equipment.

Always inspect air supply and blasting hoses for any potential damage and ensure all connections are secure prior to operation.

This machine may be used indoors and outdoors. Operating the machine in heavy rain is not recommended, water will freeze up the dry ice pellets and clog the hopper.

Follow All Safety Precautions During Setup and Operation shown on Page 7

1.5 SAFETY DURING OPERATION *(continued)*



FACE PROTECTION OR GOGGLES

Always wear safety goggles or face protection when operating dry ice blasting equipment, especially to ensure protection from any blowback of the contaminant being removed.



PROTECTIVE GLOVES

Always use suitably insulated protective gloves when handling dry ice or cold parts of the machinery. Contact with dry ice may cause cold burns or frostbite, use gloves and the supplied Ice Scoop to avoid this.



EAR PROTECTION

Always wear proper hearing protection. Harmful noise levels can be experienced that can result in permanent hearing loss. Nearby workers must also have hearing protection when standing within 100 ft (30.5 m) of the work area. Double ear protection (ear plugs & ear muffs) is recommended to all workers in the blasting area. Pregnant women should not operate machine or be in the noise area.



BREATHING APPARATUS

Wherever suitable ventilation cannot be provided, a breathing apparatus with a supply of breathing air should be present. Dry ice blasting can cause airborne particulates and correct respiratory protection should be matched with the contaminant(s) being removed (i.e. mold, lead paint, etc.).



ASPHYXIATION HAZARD

In small enclosed rooms and areas with little or no ventilation, CO₂ may accumulate to dangerous levels. A CO₂ detector should be used to confirm safe conditions. Where necessary, a breathing mask with a fresh air supply should be worn.



CAUTION!

Never touch the pellet stream or nozzle during operation.
Never blast or aim blasting gun at people or animals.
Do not ingest dry ice or handle without proper protection.



ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD

Objects to be cleaned must be grounded in order to avoid a potential static electrical discharge caused by the velocity of the pellets in the air stream. **Do not operate the blaster if you wear a pacemaker.**



LOW TEMPERATURE

The temperature of dry ice is -110°F (-79°C). Do not touch or allow direct contact with dry ice. Always use protective clothing and gloves when handling dry ice and equipment that contains dry ice.

2.0 ASSEMBLY

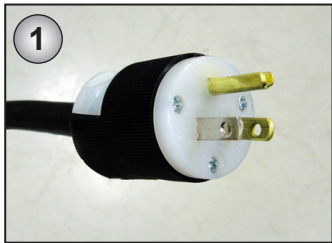
Each Commando® XP Dry Ice Blaster ships complete with the following items:

- Dry ice blasting unit
- 8 ft (2.4 m) blasting hose with control cable and 25 ft (7.6 m) air supply hose
- Blasting gun plus one each: White (35 CFM), Blue (50 CFM) and Black (70 CFM) precision blasting nozzles
- Pellet Fragmenter for delicate cleaning applications
- Ice Scoop

2.1 INSPECTION UPON DELIVERY

Inspect your new dry ice blasting machine upon arrival for any damage that may have occurred during shipping. Please notify the transportation company as well as Nu-Ice Age within 24 hours if any damage is present. Verify that all parts described on your packing list have been delivered.

2.2 ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS



1. Connect the Power:

Check to make sure the power switch on the front panel is in the "OFF" position. Connect the power supply cable to an appropriate power supply. The Commando XP Dry Ice Blasting Machine requires a 120 V AC power source. The power supply must be grounded to reduce the risk of static electric shock. Always turn off the Power Switch when making changes (nozzles, etc.) at the blast gun.



2. Control Cable and Hose:

Connect the male socket of the control cable to the socket on the front of the ice blaster. When the plug is lined up, tighten to secure.

Connect the pellet fragmenter and blasting hose to the hose connection at the lower front of the blaster. Attach the JIC connections securely using a 7/8" wrench. For more aggressive blasting, install the hose directly onto the machine without the fragmenter.



3. Blasting Gun Connection:

Connect the gun to the blasting hose and control cable. Attach the yellow control cable by aligning the pins and tightening the threaded connector. Wrap cable around hose as shown. Use a 3/4" wrench to secure the JIC connection to the gun.

2.2 ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS (continued)

4. Blasting Nozzle Connection:

Thread the desired nozzle into the barrel of the blasting gun. **FIRMLY HAND TIGHTEN ONLY - DO NOT USE A WRENCH TO SECURE THIS CONNECTION.**

A selection of blasting nozzles are available for a variety of different cleaning applications. The Commando XP is capable of delicate, precision cleaning or more aggressive blasting with aluminum nozzles. It is recommended that a test area be blasted first to establish which nozzle will function the best for each cleaning application. **Always turn off the power when changing blasting nozzles.**



Gun assembly with precision nozzle

5. Compressor Connection:

Connect the included compressed air hose from the air source (such as a portable compressor or fixed compressed air system) to the compressed air inlet on the side of the blaster as shown. Use a 7/8" wrench to secure the JIC fitting (1/2"). Ensure that all hoses are connected properly and inspect for any damage before operation. Replace damaged hoses as needed.



IMPORTANT! Air supply lines from the source to the machine must be 1/2" or larger in order to meet air flow requirements for dry ice blasting.

Always use clean, dry air free from oil, particles and humidity. An air source with an aftercooler/air dryer is recommended in humid environments. When using shop air, ensure that consideration has been given to the volume of air required for operation.

Never disconnect hoses while the machine is in operation. At the end of a job, always shut down the compressed air source and turn the machine off.

3.0 DRY ICE PELLET SIZE & QUALITY



Dry ice pellets contaminated with moisture can result in freezing of the air chamber rotor and hose. Pellets typically become mushy or clumped together when they contain too much moisture. For best performance, the use of fresh dry ice pellets without signs of moisture contamination is recommended. To the left is an example of dry ice pellets that are compatible with the Commando XP Dry Ice Blaster.

The correct size of dry ice pellets for the Commando XP is approx. 1/8" (3 mm) dia. and is commonly referred to as "blasting rice." With the pellet fragmenter installed, standard pellets will be fragmented into a powder for precision cleaning applications.

Any foreign objects other than dry ice pellets that fall into the hopper can result in serious damage to the air/CO₂ chamber.

Always keep the top lid closed during operation to avoid dirt and debris from falling into the hopper.

Do not leave dry ice in the hopper for an extended period of time (10 minutes or more). It may solidify and cause a blockage.



Pellet Fragmenter

(aka "The Grenade")

Fragments standard dry ice pellets for delicate and precision cleaning applications. Included with all new machines. Do not install for more aggressive blasting with full size pellets.

4.0 OPERATION

Top Control Panel



1. On/Off Button

Once the power and all cables/hoses are properly connected turn the button to the ON position. The button should light up and the blaster is now ready for operation.

2. Emergency Stop

Push down for emergency stop of the blaster. Ensure that the operator knows how to isolate and shut down the compressed air source in an emergency. By turning clockwise, the stop button is deactivated and normal operation will resume.

3. Pellet Feed Rate

To adjust the consumption of pellets, the speed of the feed wheel can be adjusted by turning this knob on the front panel. For higher pellet consumption, turn the knob clockwise; for lower consumption, turn it counterclockwise.

Note: This control provides approximate proportional control of the pellet quantity. The regulation of pellet consumption will not interfere with the air pressure or air stream.

4. Air Pressure Adjustment

The working pressure can be read at the top of the front panel. To adjust the pressure, use the **Regulator** dial next to the air pressure gauge. Turn the dial clockwise to increase the pressure and counter-clockwise to decrease. Pressure can be adjusted before and during operation.

4.1 FUNCTION TESTING AND FEEDING DRY ICE

With all connections in place, actuate the blasting gun. High pressure air flow should be coming out of the nozzle. Observe the feed wheel located at the bottom of the hopper, the wheel should be turning while holding the trigger on the blasting gun. Increase pellet feed if the wheel is not turning or turning too slow. Pellet feed may be adjusted later and optimized for your blasting application. Ensure the vibrator is operational (hopper should be vibrating). Always ensure these functions on the machine are operating properly prior to blasting.

Prior to filling dry ice into the hopper ALWAYS activate the blast function for about 30 seconds by pulling the trigger on the gun to empty the hose and machine of humidity and moisture.

After function testing, pour dry ice into the hopper. Fresh dry ice is always recommended to avoid clogging. Close the lid to minimize evaporation of dry ice and the ingress of humidity and dirt. Do not overfill to the point where the lid cannot be closed. Use only dry ice — use of other materials in this machine will void the warranty. Upon initial use, start by pouring about a gallon of dry ice in the hopper and blast it out. This will allow the parts to chill and then you can fill the hopper with ice as needed. Do not blast without any dry ice in the hopper (after initial system purging). Without dry ice the feed wheel inside the machine will run extremely hot and may be damaged.

4.2 START/STOP PROCEDURES

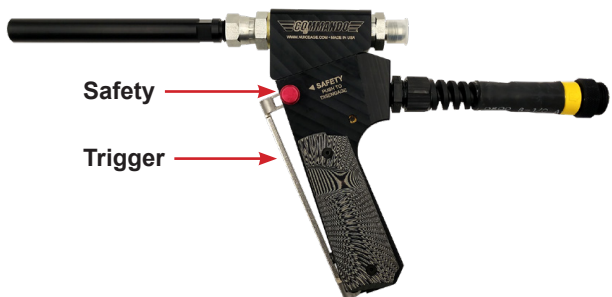
Start of Dry Ice Blasting

When the blaster is connected properly, correct air pressure is adjusted and dry ice is in the hopper, you are ready to begin dry ice blasting.

Before beginning, have a firm grip of the gun and do not point at yourself or in the direction of other people. Stand in a safe working position. **Operators and anyone near the blasting area should also be wearing the required hearing, face and eye protection outlined on page 7.**

To start ice blasting, first ensure the machine power switch is turned ON and the Emergency Stop is not activated (down position). To engage, ensure the safety is in the down (blast) position, then pull the trigger on the pistol grip (once started it is only necessary to keep the trigger pressed). If only air is spraying from the gun, the hopper is out of dry ice.

When starting, keep the gun some distance from the object to be cleaned until you are able to confirm the back-pressure of the gun. Blasting pressure and amount of dry ice can be adjusted during operation.



4.2 START/STOP PROCEDURES *(continued)*

Stop of Dry Ice Blasting

To stop blasting, release the trigger on the gun. Once the trigger is released, the hopper vibrator will stop, however air will continue to flow for approx. 1/2 second to purge any dry ice left in the hose.

If stopping for more than 15 minutes, ensure the hopper is empty and blast air through the system for a short period to clear out any dry ice that may be left in the system. This avoids dry ice clumping in the hopper and air chamber chute.

Important! When the system is empty, stop blasting to avoid unnecessary wear on the feed wheel.

If dry ice pellets are not returned to storage immediately, care should be taken to ensure their safe disposal. Avoid leaving pellets exposed where untrained personnel or children may be able to touch them, or in an enclosed area where sublimation could cause a hazardous atmosphere.

4.3 ICE BLASTING PROCEDURES

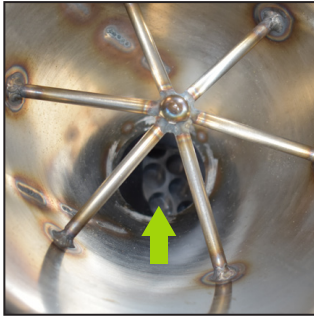
- Small objects should be fixed or mounted properly before blasting.
- Do not leave loose parts in the blasting area.
- Some dry contaminants tend to pulverize while cleaning. If a maximum total dust concentration of 6 mg/m³ (fine dust) is exceeded, a breathing mask must be worn. Protective measures should be taken such as Local exhaust ventilation and/or other personal protective equipment. A suitable mask or other control measures may be required to protect against specific hazardous contaminants. In poorly ventilated enclosed spaces, forced ventilation or breathing apparatus may be required to avoid asphyxiation by sublimated carbon dioxide.
- The nozzle gun discharges gases and CO₂ pellets at very high velocities (up to 300 m/sec or 1000 ft/sec). Never aim the gun at human beings or animals as serious/fatal injuries may be caused.
- When activating blasting, back-thrust will occur in the opposite direction of the airflow. In order to anticipate the reactive thrust, always take a wide stance (with feet approx. 2 ft or 60 cm apart) and your upper body leaning into the direction where the nozzle is pointing.



WARNING

Do not attempt to modify any controls or other components on this machine. Tampering with the safety trigger, pressure control, pressure relief valve or any other components can lead to serious risk of injury.

5.0 MAINTENANCE



Pellet feed wheel located at bottom of hopper

Active maintenance is necessary only if the performance of the dry ice blasting machine is no longer satisfactory. However, inspection and cleaning of the unit/hoses at regular intervals is recommended. **Servicing this machine beyond the basic maintenance procedures listed on this page should only be performed by an authorized service representative.**

Inspection of Pellet Feed Wheel

Periodically, the pellet feed wheel should be inspected for any debris or damage. If debris is present, it may be blown out using compressed air. If the wheel is damaged, contact Nu-Ice Age customer service for a replacement.

Inspection of Blasting and Air Supply Hoses

Prior to blasting, always inspect the blasting hose and air supply hose for damage (such as cuts, holes or excessive wear). A damaged hose can be a serious safety hazard. If hoses are damaged replace immediately. **Do not operate the machine with a damaged hose. Replace only with Nu-Ice Age OEM hoses, use of other air hoses may void warranty.**

6.0 CLEANING INSTRUCTIONS

Clean your dry ice blasting machine with low pressure compressed air. If the equipment has become dirty, it should be cleaned by means of a wiper moistened with a cleaning material (degreaser). Do not pressure wash.

7.0 STORAGE

The machine can be stored at temperatures of 23°F to 104°F (-5°C to 40°C). Please note that temperature changes overnight of 68°F (20°C) might cause condensation inside the hopper and blast head. If condensation is suspected, run warm dry air through the system for 30-60 seconds to dry out the components.

8.0 TROUBLESHOOTING

If you have a problem with your machine that cannot be resolved, please contact our customer service department to receive technical assistance. **Improper maintenance or attempted repair that results in damage to the machine is not covered in the manufacturer's warranty (see section 1.1).**

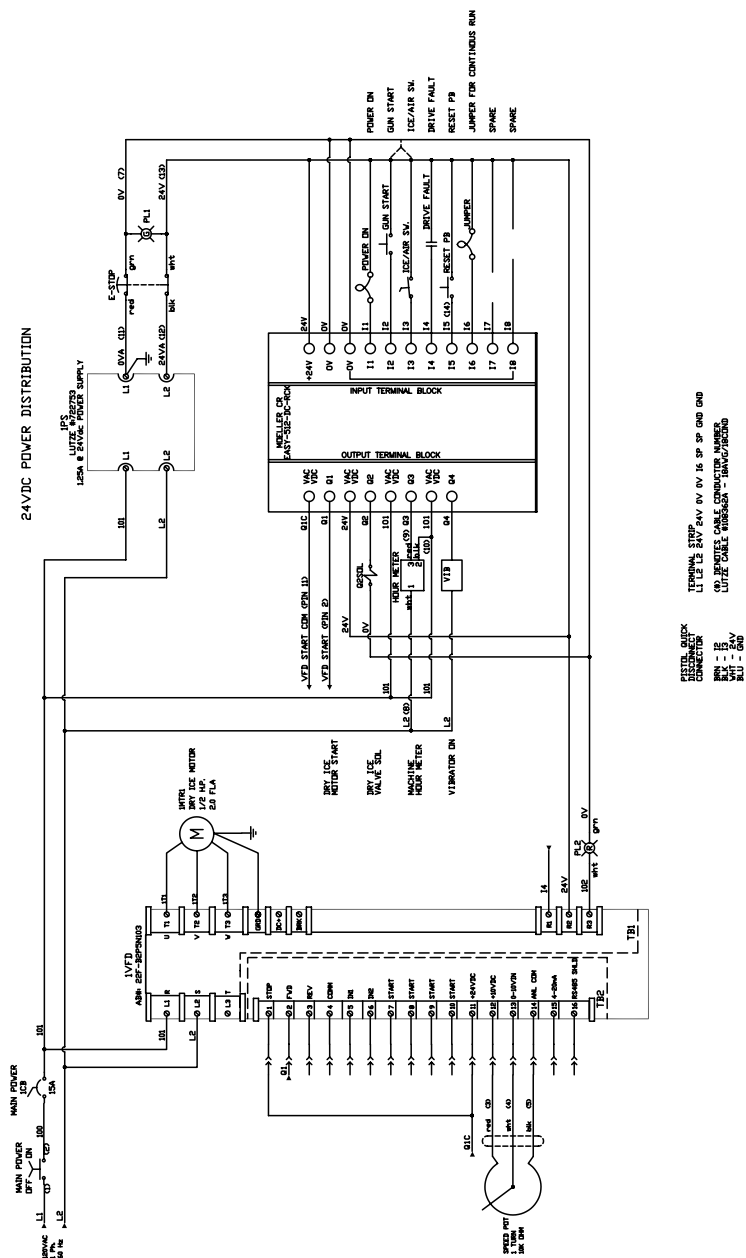
Problem	Possible Cause	Solution
Blaster does not start	No Power	Verify On/Off switch is in the "ON" position and Emergency Stop is not pressed. Check electrical connections and verify there are no loose cables.
Blaster Stops (Motor not running)	Emergency Stop button is pressed	Turn Emergency Stop button clockwise to deactivate
	Proximity switch on the gun is not pressed to start the machine	Ensure no debris is lodged between stainless trigger and proximity switch. Squeeze trigger all the way down to ensure the switch is pressed when blasting.
	Dirt or debris is in the air chamber	Clean/check air chamber for damage.
	Feed wheel not turning.	Check for debris lodged in the feed wheel. Call customer service for feed rotor clearance specs.
	Damaged/Loose Control Cable on Blast Hose	Check for proper connection and damage. Replace if damaged.

8.0 TROUBLESHOOTING

Problem	Possible Cause	Solution
Little or No Dry Ice Delivery	No pellets in the hopper	Fill hopper with pellets
	Twisted feed hose	Check hose and uncoil if necessary
	Dry ice is clogged due to too much moisture	Use a water separator & after cooler on the air compressor. Check to see whether old dry ice has breached above the feed chute at the bottom of the hopper.
	Frozen hopper	Remove ice clump from hopper outlet. To avoid this problem, ensure the hopper lid is kept closed between fillings.
	Hose, gun, pipe or nozzle is blocked by ice	Check for pellet blockage inside the blast hose. If blockage is found, disconnect the hose and gun and allow the dry ice to sublimate. Sublimation can be increased by applying heat. If pellet fragmentation device is being used, ensure that ice feed rate is properly set for the pressure being used. You may also try using higher pressure, or a nozzle with a larger orifice.
	Problem with air supply to the blasting machine	Check air pressure at the air supply. Examine air supply hoses for kinks or damage.
Low Air Pressure at the Nozzle When Blasting	Damaged feed wheel	Check the feed wheel for damage causing excessive air leakage.
	Blasting nozzle is too big	Use smaller nozzle.
	Insufficient Air Supply	See air supply requirements on page 17.

9.0 TECHNICAL DATA

Power Requirements	110-140 V AC (50/60 Hz) 4.8 amps, single phase
Dry Ice Requirements	Standard dry ice pellets (fragmenter included)
Dimensions	30" (762 mm) W x 25" (635 mm) H x 19" (483 mm) D
Weight	170 LB (77 KG)
Hopper Size	10 lbs (4.5 kg)
Pellet Feed Rate	¾ to 2 lb/min on Micro Cleaning; 1½ to 3 lb/min on Aggressive Cleaning
Blasting Pressure	15 - 125 psi (1-8.6 bar)
Operating Range	15 - 125 psi (1-8.6 bar)
Air Supply Requirements	Standard Shop Air (90-100 psi), 1/2" JIC Connection Air supply lines must be 1/2" or larger <i>Air source requirements will depend on application</i>
Noise Level	60-120 dB(A) <i>Noise level varies depending on blasting pressure, nozzle and material surface.</i>



11.0 TRAINING CHECKLIST

The following is a list of operational procedures that should be included in dry ice blasting training sessions:

1. Equipment Identification and purpose of use

- ☐ Review ID tag on machine
- ☐ Properties of dry ice blasting (gas flushing, non-abrasive)
- ☐ Only properly trained individuals should operate the machine.
- ☐ Pregnant women should not operate the equipment or be in the noise area.

2. Discuss Hazards

- ☐ Dry ice (asphyxiation, burn hazard, lifting blocks, transferring pellets)
- ☐ Blast hazard (aim the gun safely, plastic barrier curtains)
- ☐ Pinch Points
- ☐ Static and proper grounding, do not use if you wear a pacemaker
- ☐ Electrical connection
- ☐ Stored compressed air, placement of air hose, use of whip checks
- ☐ Confined space work (refer to OSHA requirements)

3. Attire

- ☐ Long sleeve shirts, long pants, Tivek suits
- ☐ Gloves
- ☐ Safety shoes
- ☐ Eye protection (safety glasses, side shields, goggles, face shields)
- ☐ Ear protection (both plugs and muffs are recommended)

4. Air Supply

- ☐ Pressure and SCFM, minimum and maximum
- ☐ Separators, dryers, aftercoolers (need for clean/dry air)

5. Guns & Nozzles

- ☐ Review all Components
- ☐ Install / remove nozzles, inserts, extensions
- ☐ Explain function of different nozzles

6. Operation

- ☐ Air and blast hose connections, blow down inlet air
- ☐ Explain control panel, start up and shut down procedures
- ☐ Explain machine components (hopper, vibrator, motor, airlock system)

7. Maintenance

- ☐ Review Owners Manual
- ☐ Cleaning (exterior, guns, nozzles, hoses, hopper)
- ☐ Hoses and fittings (inspect for wearing or cracking)



11.0 TRAINING CHECKLIST *(continued)*

8. Blast Technique

- ☐ Trigger safety and blasting gun operation
- ☐ Proper, balanced way to hold the gun and position the blast hose
- ☐ Do not “kink” any hose at any time
- ☐ Plastic barriers for removing oil, grease, ink etc.
- ☐ Powdery materials (may require vacuuming before blasting)

9. Hands on Blasting

- ☐ All trainees will run the machine and practice blasting

10. Answer Questions

11. Names of Trainees

Training was provided for Model _____

Training was provided by _____

Accepted By _____ Date _____

Company _____

12.0 ACCESSORIES & BLASTING NOZZLES



IBNPC001
White 6" Precision Nozzle
35 CFM / 3/8" JIC connection



IBNPC002
Blue 6" Precision Nozzle
50 CFM / 3/8" JIC connection



IBNPC003
Black 6" Precision Nozzle
70 CFM / 3/8" JIC connection



IBNPC004
6" x 1" 125 CFM Aggressive Fan Nozzle
1/2" JIC - Requires HD Gun



IBNPC005
7" x 1-3/8" 150 CFM Aggressive Fan Nozzle
1/2" JIC - Requires HD Gun

XPACC02

Medium Flow Nozzle Kit - For more aggressive blasting applications:

- HD Blasting Gun
- 15 ft Blasting Hose
- 1" Aluminum Fan Nozzle
- 1 3/8" Aluminum Fan Nozzle

Blasting utility cart available, contact customer service for details.



IB20GAXP-HD
Commando XP
HD Blasting Gun
1/2" through-put for aggressive blasting, includes LED light

*Additional nozzles and accessories may be available for your application.
Please contact customer service at 517-990-0665 for more information.*

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS



Nu-Ice Age, Inc. • Jackson, MI USA
Customer Service: 517-990-0665 • www.nuiceage.com